## Energy

																1 P		
																0		
				2 J		3 L		4 D	I	F	F	Е	R	Е	N	Т		
				О		I										Е		
		<sup>5</sup> C		U		6 G	R	Α	V	I	T	A	7 T	I	О	N	A	L
		Н		L		Н							R			Т		
8 N		9 E	L	Е	С	Т	R	I	С	A	L		A			I		10 H
U		M											N		11 S	A	M	Е
C		I											S			L		A
L		С											F					Т
12 E	L	A	S	13 T	I	С						14 S	О	U	N	D		
A		L		R									R					
R				Α									M					
			15 E	N	Е	R	G	Y					A					
				S									Т					
				F									I					
16 C	О	N	S	Е	R	V	A	Т	I	О	N		О					
				R									N					

## **Across**

- 4. In an energy transfer, the same type of energy moves to a \_\_\_\_\_ object.[9]
- 6. Type of potential energy of objects at a height.[13]
- 9. Energy of appliances such as stereos and computers.[10]
- 11. In an energy transformation, the object remains the \_\_\_\_ but the energy changes to a different type.[4]
- 12. Type of potential energy of springs and rubber bands.[7]
- 14. Form of energy produced by musical instruments.[5]
- 15. Ability to do work.[6]
- 16. Law of \_\_\_\_\_ of Energy states that energy cannot be created nor destroyed in a chemical reaction. It can be changed from one form to another.[12]

## Down

- 1. Type of energy that is stored.[9]
- 2. Unit of energy.[5]
- 3. Energy of radiant objects such as fire.[5]
- 5. Form of potential energy in food and dynamite.[8]
- 7. In a light bulb, electrical energy changes to light energy. This is an example of an energy \_\_\_\_.[14]
- 8. Form of energy of nuclear reactions.[7]
- 10. Thermal energy.[4]
- 13. When cooking on a stove, the heat energy moves from the stove to the saucepan to the cooking food. This is an example of an energy \_\_\_\_\_.[8]